



Desoldering Tool

Instruction Manual

Thank you for purchasing the Hakko 471 Desoldering Tool.

This Manual describes the use and maintenance of the Hakko 471. Please read it before using the unit. After reading the manual, keep it in a safe place for future reference.

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Packing List

Please check to make sure that all the items listed below are included in the Hakko 471 package.

Station	1	Ceramic Paper Fi	Iter (S)2
Desoldering Gun	1	Ceramic Paper Fi	Iter (L)4
Iron Holder Base	1	Spring Filter	3
Spring Iron Holder	1	Cleaning Pin (for	ø1.0mm [0.04 in.] nozzle)1
Cleaning Sponge	1	Cleaning Pin (for	Heating Element)1
Filter Pipe	1	Cleaning Pin Hold	der1
·		Cleaning Drill (for	ø1.0mm [0.04 in.] nozzle)1
		Sllicone Grease	1
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O 001-25			
Station	Spanner		
		1/1/1746	
Mocros	$\circ_{\mathcal{O}_{\ell}}$		
Iron Holder Base	Spring Iron Ho	der	Cleaning Sponge
	Ceramic Paper		2.2
	Ceramic r aper	Tiller (5)	Maria Maria
Filter Pipe	Cer	amic Paper Filter (L)	Spring Filter
Cleaning Pin for ø1.0 mm (0.04 in.) Nozzle	Cleaning Pin to	r Heating Element	Cleaning Pin Holder
) (/
a Tur			/ /
Cleaning Drill for o1.0 mm (0.04 in.) Nozzle	Silicone Greas	е	Desoldering Gun

Precautions

High Temperature

The Heating Element, Filter Pipe, other parts near these parts, and the Spring Iron Holder are all extremely hot during and immediately after operation. Be careful not to touch them at these times.

Maintenance

Please replace all expendable supplies and clean the specified parts.

Mishandling

Sharp impacts may cause parts to break or the power to drop. Handle both the Desoldering Gun and the Station with care.

Fluid

Use clean, filtered air as the fluid. With the trigger pulled and air flowing, adjust the pressure to between 71 and 100 psi. (5.0 and 7.0 kgf/cm².)

Filter

Use Ceramic Paper Filter S/Filter Case (Station) and Ceramic Paper Filter L/ Filter Pipe (Gun). Inversely setting may cause to break or the power to drop.

Specifications

Name	Hakko 471
No.	471-2
Power Source	120V
Power Consumption	70W

Station

Part Name	Station
Part No.	C1004
Output Voltage	24V AC
Vacuum Generator	Ejector type
Vacuum Pressure (Max)	700 mm Hg (28 in Hg)
Suction Flow	28t/min.
Voltage Leakage	Under 1.2mV
Ground Resistance	Under 2Ω
Applied Air Pressure	71 psi (5.0 kgf/cm².)
Compressed Air Consumption	1.62 c.f.m. (46 f/min.)
Outer Dimensions $(W \times H \times D)$	165 × 135 × 260 mm (6.5 × 5.31 × 10.24 in)
Weight	Approx. 3.0 kg (6.6 lb.)

Desoldering Gun

Part Name	Hakko 802
Part No.	C1054
Power Consumption	24V AC, 50W
Temperature	380°C ~ 480°C (716°F ~ 896°F)
Insulation Resistance	Over 300 MΩ at 420°C (790°F)
Nozzle Inside Diameter φ1.0 (0.04 in) (Nozzle S, Stand	
Outer Dimensions $(W \times H)$	135 × 174 mm (5.31 × 6.85 in)
Weight (w/o cord, Hose)	Approx. 200g (0.44 lb)

Condition of Measurement

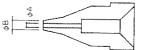
Insulation Resistance

The insulation resistance was measured between the Nozzle and the lead of the Heating Element using a 500 V DC insulation resistance meter.

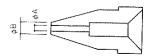
Caution: The insulation resistance cannot be measured between the Nozzle and the power plug as the transformer between the secondary part (Heating Element) and the primary part acts as an insulator.

Replacement Parts

Part No.		Part Name/Specification
A1002	Nozzle S	φ0.8 mm (0.03 in)
A1003	Nozzłe S	φ1.0 mm (0.04 in)
A1004	Nozzle	φ0.8 mm (0.03 in)
A1005	Nozzle	φ1.0 mm (0.04 in)
A1006	Nozzle	φ1.3 mm (0.05 in)
A1007	Nozzle	φ1.6 mm (0.06 in)



Part No.	οA	οВ
A1002	0.8 (0.03 in)	1.8 (0.07 in)
A1003	1.0 (0.04 in)	2.0 (0.08 in)



Part No.	φA	φВ
A1004	0.8 (0.03 in)	2.3 (0.09 in)
A1005	1.0 (0.04 in)	2.5 (0.1 in)
A1006	1.3 (0.05 in)	3.0 (0.12 in)
A1007	1.6 (0.06 in)	3.0 (0.12 in)

Part No.	P	Part Name/Specification		
B1215	Cleaning Pin	for Heating Element		
B1086	Cleaning Pin	for φ0.8 mm (0.03 in) Nozzle		
B1087	Cleaning Pin	for φ1.0 mm (0.04 in) Nozzle		
B1088	Cleaning Pin	for φ1.3 mm (0.05 in) Nozzle		
B1089	Cleaning Pin	for φ1.6 mm (0.06 in) Nozzle		
B1302	Cleaning Drill	for φ0.8 mm (0.03 in) Nozzle		
B1303	Cleaning Drill	for φ1.0 mm (0.04 in) Nozzle		
B1304	Cleaning Drill	for φ1.3 mm (0.05 in) Nozzle		
B1305	Cleaning Drill	for φ1.6 mm (0.06 in) Nozzle		

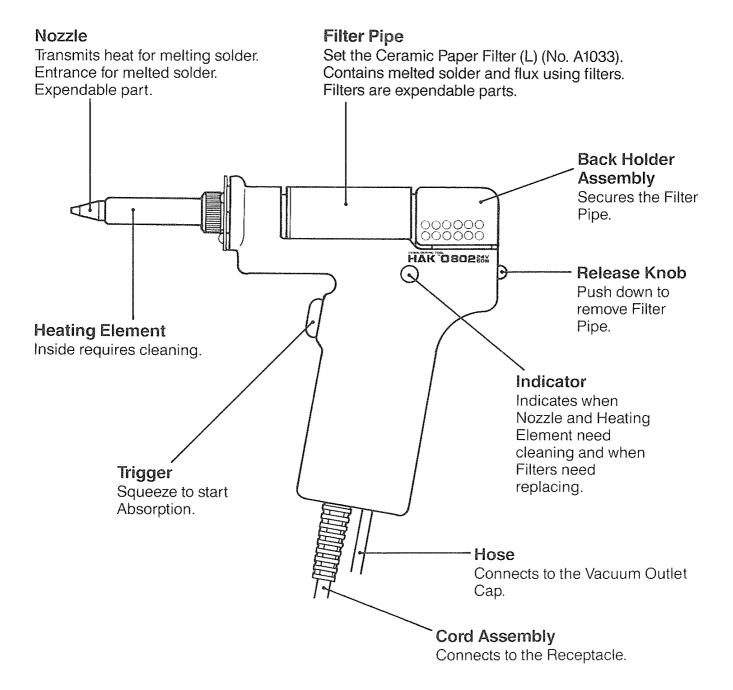
Part No.	Part Name/Specification		
B1128	Filter Pipe	w/Front Holder & Filters	
A1009	Ceramic Paper Filter (S)	for Filter Case 10 pcs.	
A1033	Ceramic Paper Filter (L)	for Filter Pipe 10 pcs.	
A1030	Spring Filter	10 pcs.	
A1029	Heating Element	24V, 50W	
A1028	Silicone Grease		
A1042	Cleaning Sponge		

The voltage leakage was measured between the Nozzle and the grounding Plug at a temperature of 896°F (480°C) using an AC mV meter. Caution: Be sure to ground the unit before measuring the voltage leakage

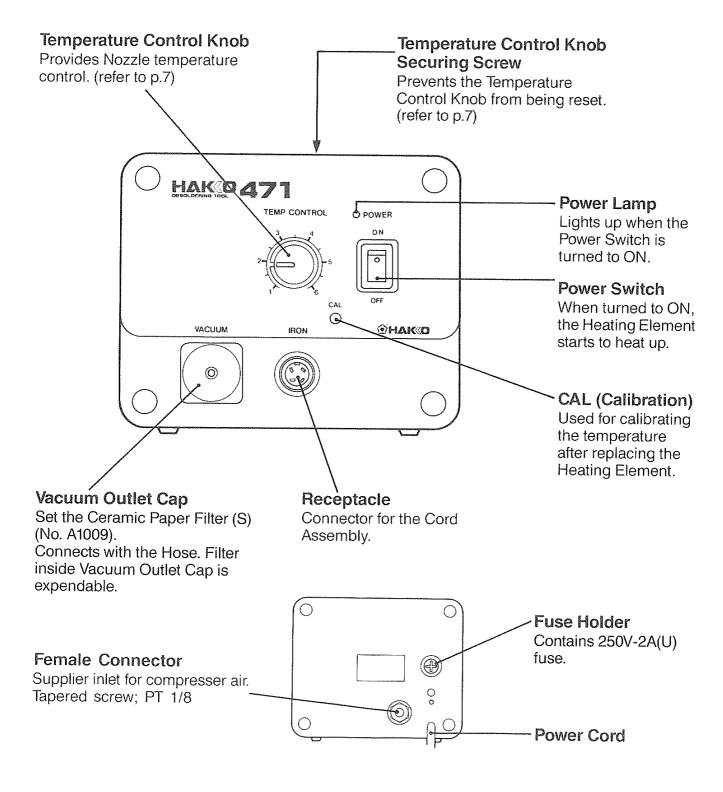
*Specifications are subject to change without notice

Voltage Leakage

Desoldering Gun



Station



Operation

Preparation—Assembly and Connection

Assemble the Hakko 471 on a flat surface.

1) Assemble the Iron Holder

- Set the Spring Iron Holder and Cleaning Pin Holder in the Iron Holder Base.
- Dampen the Cleaning Sponge with water and then squeeze it dry.

2 Insert the Desoldering Gun and Cleaning Pins

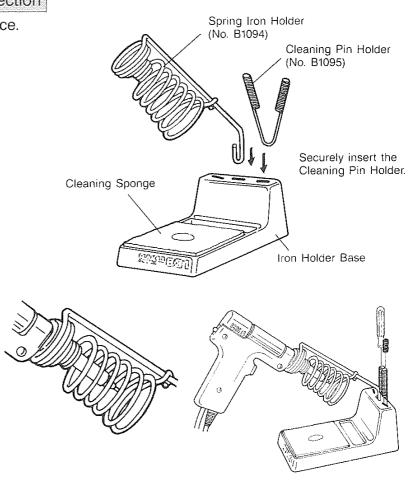
 Fully insert the Desoldering Gun into the Spring Iron Holder.

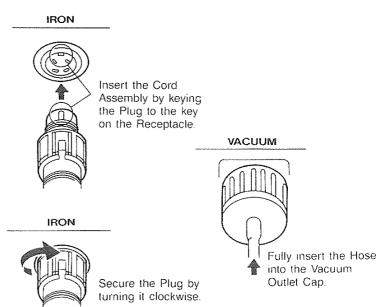
Caution:

The Spring Iron Holder becomes extremely hot during operation of the Desoldering Gun. Do not touch the Spring Iron Holder during and immediately after using the Gun.

(3) Connections

- Connect the Cord Assembly to the Receptacle (marked "IRON").
- Never connect or disconnect the Cord Assembly while the Power Switch is set to "ON".
- Connect the Hose to the Vacuum Outlet Cap (marked "VACUUM").





4 Connect to the Compresser

- Use filtered air to clean away any dust, oil and moisture.
- With the trigger pulled and air flowing, adjust the regulator air pressure to 71 psi (5.0kgf/cm²).

Caution:

The absorption power of the unit will be reduced if adjustment is made while air is not flowing or if the Tube is not measured as specified.

Do not set the regulator to pressures of 128 psi (9 kgf/cm²) or more while the Trigger is not pulled, as such pressures can damage various parts of the Hakko 471 Station.

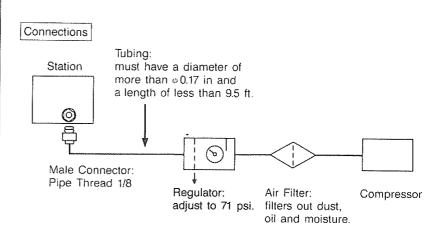
5 Power Switch

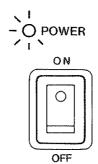
 Confirm that the Power Switch is set in the OFF position, then connect the power plug to the power source.

Note: The entire unit is constructed of conductive materials. Always ground the unit.

- Turn the Power Switch to ON.
 The Power Lamp should light up.
- The Nozzle begins to heat up as soon as the Power Switch is turned to ON.

6 After turning the Power Switch to ON, wait 3 minutes before beginning desoldering operations.





The Power Lamp lights up.



The Nozzle heats up.

The Power Lamp doesn't light up.

- 1. Is the Power Cord properly connected?
- 2. Is the fuse blown?

The Nozzle doesn't heat up.

- 1. Is the Cord Assembly properly connected?
- 2. Is the Heating Element broken?

Operation

Desoldering

After turning the Power Switch to ON, wait 3 minutes before beginning desoldering operations.

1 Set the temperature

Note: Always set the temperature to as low as possible for the work being done.

To more precisely set the temperature, measure the temperature at the Nozzle using a soldering iron thermometer and adjust the Temperature Control Knob accordingly.

We recommend the Hakko 191 thermometer for measuring the Nozzle temperature.

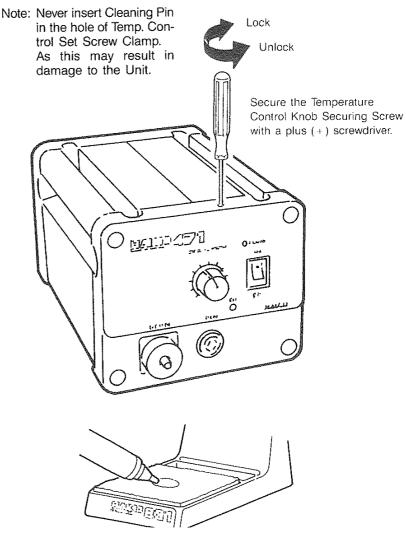
 For volume desoldering, the Temperature Control Knob can be secured by tightening the Temperature Control Knob Securing Screw ("+" screw) at the top of the 471 unit.

2 Clean the tip of the Nozzle

 Keep the solder-plated section of the Nozzle a shiny white by coating it with a small amount of solder.

If the tip of the Nozzle is coated with oxide, the Nozzle's heat conductivity will be lowered. Coating the tip with a small amount of fresh solder ensures maximum heat conductivity.

The Temperature can be adjusted between 716°F and 896°F (\pm 30°F) with Temperature Control Knob. This Unit has excellent thermal recovery to operate with lower temperature than conventional desoldering tool. We recommend to operate under position '2' (750°F \pm 30°F)



Wipe away any oxide or old solder from the Nozzle using the hole in the center of the sponge.

3 Melt the solder.

 Apply the Nozzle to the soldered part and melt the solder.

Note: Never allow the Nozzle to touch the board itself.

• Confirm that the solder is melted.

Note: To confirm that all the solder is melted, observe the inside of the hole and the backside of the PWB. If this is difficult to do, try slowly moving the lead with the Nozzle—if the lead moves, the solder is melted.

Note: Never move the lead by force. If it doesn't move easily, the solder isn't yet fully melted.

4 Absorb the solder.

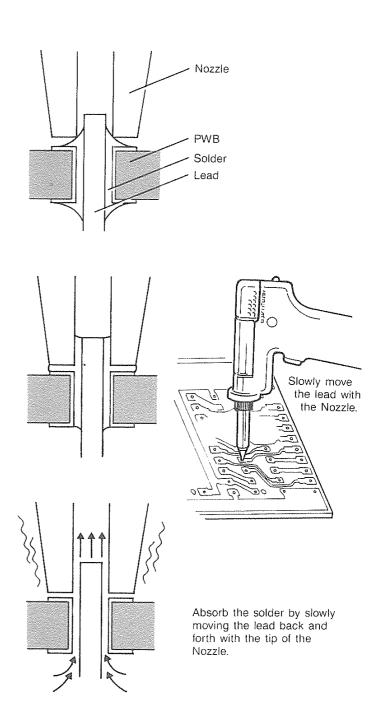
 After confirming that the solder is completely melted, absorb the solder by squeezing the trigger on the Gun.

Note: Never leave any solder remaining inside the hole in the PWB.

 After fully absorbing all the solder, cool the soldering junction in order to prevent it from becoming resoldered.

(5) Problems during Desoldering.

 If solder remains, resolder the component and repeat the desoldering process.



Operation

Heated solder and flux can cause oxides to form and adhere to the Nozzle and the inside of the Heating Element. These oxides not only lower the heat conductivity, but can also clog the Nozzle and Heating Element, resulting in a drop in suction efficiency. Should there be a noticeable drop in suction efficiency during operation, replace the filter and clean the Nozzle and Heating Element with the provided Cleaning Pin.

Cleaning during Operation

(1) Observing the Indicator

While looking at the indicator and with the hole of the Nozzle open, pull the trigger and look at the indicator. If it is red, clean the Nozzle and Heating Elements, empty the Filter Pipe, and replace the Filters. If the indicator is blue, cleaning is not necessary and operations can be resumed.

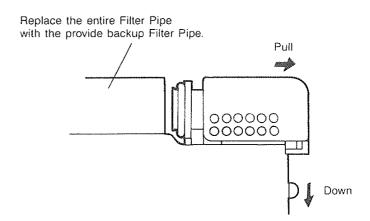
Note: The indicator will not operate accurately if the hole of the nozzle is closed or if the solder in the hole of the PWB is not melted.

Note: The indicator on Hakko 470 is read is a different way. For instructions on the reading the 470 indicator, please refer to the Hakko 470 instruction manual.

2 Replacing the Filter

During operation, the Filter Pipe is very hot. Wait until the Filter Pipe is cool before replacing the Filter. We recommend keeping a second Filter Pipe containing new Filters handy, and replacing the installed Filter Pipe with this backup Filter Pipe.

Normal	Abnormal	Solution
\bigcirc		If three-fourths or more of the indicator is red, replace the filter and clean the Nozzle and
One-half or less of the indicator is red.	Three-fourths of the indicator is red.	the inside of the Heating Element. (refer to p.12, Maintenance of the Gun)



Problems during Desoldering

- A. The solder in the junction is not sufficiently melted.
- B. Suction power is dropping.

A. The solder in the junction is not sufficiently melted.

Temperature is not high enough.

The following parts require a greater heat capacity to desolder.

 Multi-layer PWBs, power supplies, ground planes in through-hole PWBs high-capacity transistors, triacs with heat radiation fins, tuner PWB ground wires, and largescale transformer terminals.

Use a preheating oven or heating gun to heat the PWB to a temperature that won't damage the board or its components (between 160°F and 180°F), then desolder.

Do not increase the temperature of the gun by recalibration as this may damage the PWB board and its components.

Nozzle is worn out.

• When the Nozzle begins to wear out, the heating efficiency begins to decline. Check the Nozzle. If the solder plating is damaged (p.12), or the Nozzle is eroded (p.12), replace the Nozzle.

B. Suction Power is dropping.

 Replace the Filters, and clean the Nozzle and the inside of the Heating Element. (refer to p.12, Gun and Station Service)

Air is leaking from the vacuum system.

Air leakage cannot be determined from the indicator. Check the air-tightness of the following parts and replace any that are worn.

- a. Contact point of the Nozzle and Heating Element
- c. O-ring in Back Holder
- d. Hose
- e. Vacuum Outlet Cap
- b. Front Holder and nearby parts.

Post-operation Maintenance

To ensure a long service life, always perform the following maintenance procedures immediately after using the Hakko 471 unit.

- Remove all solder from the inside of the Nozzle and Heating Element.
- Clean the tip of the Nozzle with the Cleaning Sponge, then coat the tip with a fresh layer of solder to protect the solder plating.

Troubleshooting Guide

- Power Lamp does not light up.
- Is the Power Cord plugged in correctly?

 Securely insert the Power Cord into the power supply.
- Is the Fuse blown?
 Replace with a new fuse (2 amp.)
- Solder is not being absorbed.
- Is the Spring Filter full of solder? Replace it with a new one.
- •Is the Ceramic Paper Filter hardened? Replace it with a new one.
- is there a vacuum leak?

 Check the connections and replace any worn parts.
- Is the compressor providing the proper air pressure?

 Check the air pressure and the inside diameter and length of the tube.
- The Nozzle does not heat up.
- Is the Desoldering Gun Cord Assembly properly connected?

Reconnect it. (p.6)

•Is the Heating Element damaged? Replace it.

Note: When repairs are needed, please send both the Desoldering Gun and the Station to your sales agent.

Maintenance (Desoldering Gun)

Properly maintained, the Hakko 471 Desoldering Gun should provide years of good service.

Efficient desoldering depends upon the temperature, and the quality and quantity of the solder and flux. Perform the following service procedures as dictated by the conditions of the Gun's usage.

The Desoldering Gun will be extremely hot. During maintenance, please wear gloves and work carefully.

Servicing the Desoldering Gun

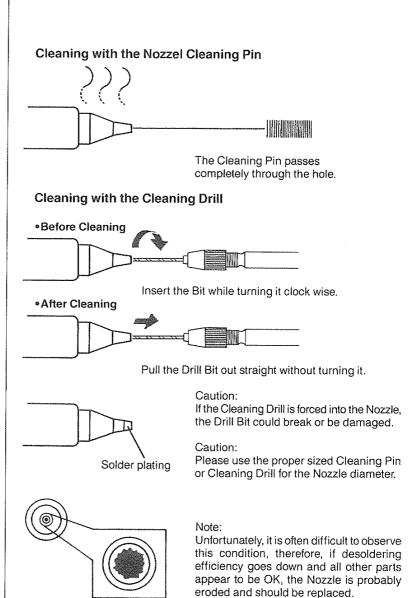
1 Inspect and clean the Nozzle

- Plug in the power cord, turn the Power Switch On and let the Nozzle heat up.
- Clean out the hole of the Nozzle with the Nozzle Cleaning Pin.

Note: The Cleaning Pin will not pass through the Nozzle until the solder inside the Nozzle is completely melted.

- If the Cleaning Pin does not pass through the hole in the Nozzle, Clean with the Cleaning Drill.
- Check the condition of the solder plating on the tip of the Nozzle.
- If it is slightly worn, recoat the tip with fresh solder to prevent oxidation.
- Check the condition of the surface and inside hole of the Nozzle.
- If either is worn or eroded, or the inside diameter seems unusually wide, replace the Nozzle.

Notes: The inside hole and the surface of the Nozzle is platted with a special alloy. Should this alloy become eroded by high-temperature solder, the Nozzle will not be able to maintain the proper temperature.



If the Cleaning Pin and Cleaning Drill does not pass through

the hole in the Nozzle, replace the Nozzle.

Diameter of hole is

widened through erosion.

12

2 Disassemble the Heating Element

Caution: The Heating Element is very hot during operation.

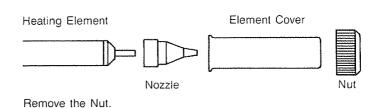
(3) Clean out the hole in the Heating Element

 Be sure the solder in the hole in the Heating Element is completely melted, then clean the hole with the provided Cleaning Pin.

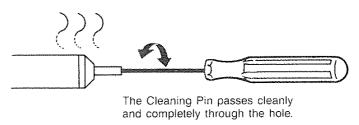
Note: If the Cleaning Pin cannot pass through the hole, replace the Heating Element.

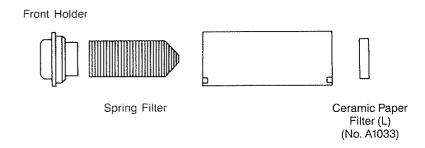
4 Replace the Filters

- Turn the Power Switch OFF.
- When the Filter Pipe is cool to the touch, push down the Release Knob at the back of the Gun and remove the Filter Pipe.
- Examine the Front Holder.
- Examine the Spring Filter.
- Examine the Ceramic Paper Filter. (L) (A1033)



Scrape away all oxidation from the hole in the Heating Element until the Cleaning Pin passes cleanly through the hole.





Replace

Stiff and cracked.

Replace

Solder is collected in two-thirds of the Spring Filter.

Replace

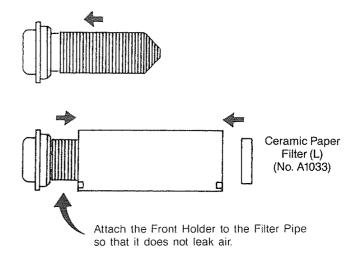
Ceramic Paper Filter is stiff with flux and solder.

5 Secure the filters

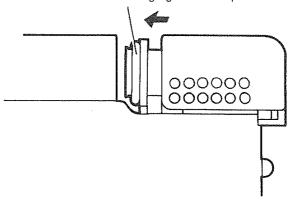
- Attach the Spring Filter to the Front Holder.
- Attach the Front Holder to the Filter Pipe.

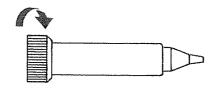
Caution: Be sure the Front Holder is correctly aligned.

Caution: Use Ceramic Paper Filter (L) for Filter Pipe (Gun).
Using of the Ceramic Paper Filter (S) in the Filter Pipe may cause to break or the power to drop.



Firmly press the Back Holder Assembly into the Filter Pipe in order to properly seat the O-ring against the Pipe.





6 Assemble the Heating Element

Attach the Nozzle and securely tighten the Nut.

Caution: If the nut is loose, air will leak and the temperature will drop.

Maintenance (Station)

Cleaning the inside of the Filter Case

1 Replace the Ceramic Paper Filter

Detach the Filter Retainer, being very careful not to let the Valve pop out. Remove the Ceramic Paper Filter and inspect it. If it is stiff with flux, replace it.

2 Reassemble the Filter Case

Caution: Use Ceramic Paper Filter (S) for Filter Retainer.
Using of the Ceramic Paper Filter (L) in the Filter Retainer may cause to break or the power to drop.

Exhaust Filter Replacement

Caution: Unplug the Power Cord before starting this procedure.

And please make sure to remove piping of compressed air before you start cleaning. If you clean the ejector with the compressed air pipe still connected, the compressed air may cause the nozzle and exhaust pipe to suddenly fly off when the ejector cover is removed.

(1) Disassemble the Unit

- Remove the Rear Panel
- Remove the Cover

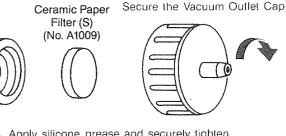
VACUUM

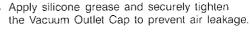


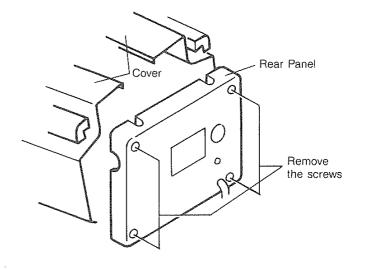


Filter Retainer

Ceramic Paper Filter (S) (No. A1009) Remove the Filter Retainer and push out the Ceramic Paper Filter.







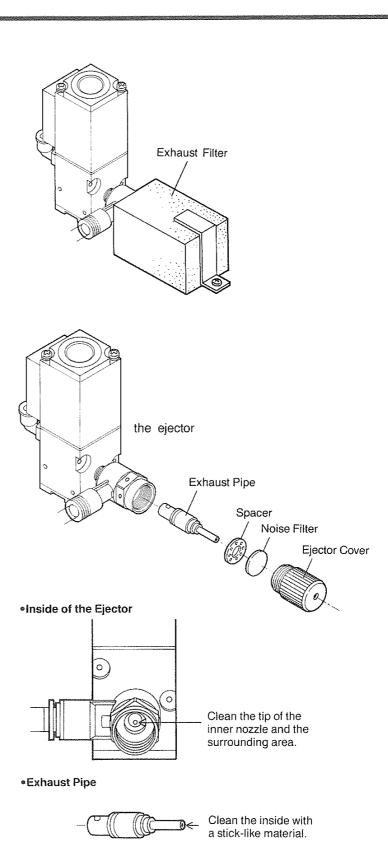
 Remove the exhaust filter which covers the ejector.
 Replace it if it is dirty.

- Remove the ejector cover.
 If the noise filter [No. B1269] inside the cover is very dirty, replace it.
- Remove the exhaust pipe and spacer from inside the ejector.
 - * Pinch the tip of the exhaust pipe and pull firmly. It can be removed together with the spacer.

2 Clean the inside

Caution: Do not use thinner as a cleaning agent.

- Clean the inside the main body of the ejector, the tip of the nozzle and the surrounding area.
 Remove any dirt with a cotton swab soaked in alcohol.
- Soak the exhaust pipe in alcohol and clean the inside of the pipe with a soft stick-like material.
- 3 Reassemble in Reverse Order



Replacement Parts

Replacing the Heaing Element

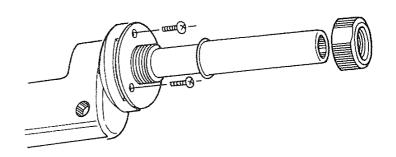
The resistance value of a working Heaing Element is 2-4 Ω at 73°F (23°C). If the value you get is outside this range, replace the Heating Element.

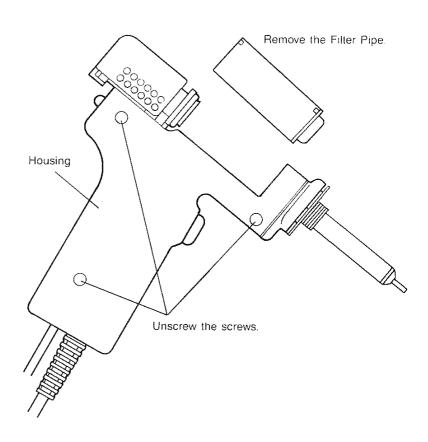
1 Disassemble the heating parts

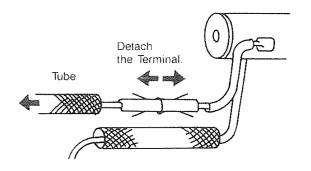
Caution: Unplug the Power cord before starting this procedure.

2 Separate the Housing.

3 Detach the Terminal and remove the Heating Element.







4 Insert a new Heating Element and reassemble.

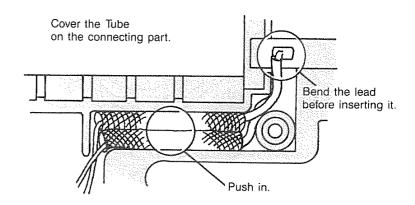
(Heating Element 24V-50W)

Caution: Before reassembling enclosure, make sure connectors are completely covered by Tube.

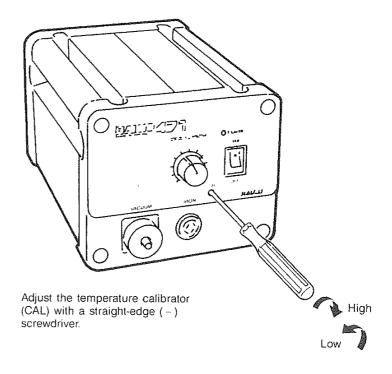
5 Recalibrate the temperature.

The resistance of new Heating Elements varies, resulting in variations in operating temperatures. It is necessary to recalibrate the temperature every time the Heating Element is replaced.

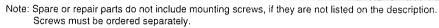
- 1. Set the Temperature Control Knob to 1 and allow the Gun to warm up for 3 minutes.
- Using a tip thermometer, adjust the temperature calibrator (marked "CAL") until the Nozzle temperature reads 716°F.

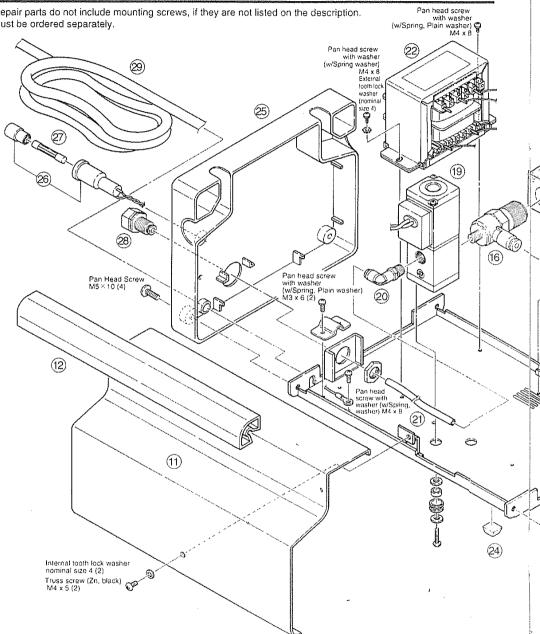


Position the leads in the groove and press them into place. Be careful that the leads do not get caught in the Housing.









Item No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description
i	81029	Vacuum Outlet Cap	
2	A1009	Ceramic Paper Filter (S)	10 pcs.
3	B1063	Filter Retainer	
4	B1034	O-ring (S20)	
. 5	B1031	Vacuum Outlet Retainer	w/O-ring (\$20)
6	B1064	Filter Case Joint	
7	B1272	Front Panel	
8	B1038	Cover for Securing Screw	set of 4

item No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description
9	B1036	Receptacle	
10	81028	Knob	
11	B1093	Cover	one side
12	B1061	Handle	one side
13 \	B1044	Temp Control Set Screw Clamp	
14	B1073	Join Hose	
15	B1068	PWB	
16	B1069	Ejector	

Part No.	Part Name	Description
B1070	Exhaust Filter	
B1071	Exhaust Filter Retaining Clip	
B1074	Solenoid Valve	with screws
B1075	Elbow Joint	
B1076	Pressure Hose	
B1103	Transformer	
B1067	Chassis	
B1037	Rubber Stopper	set of 4
B1273	Rear Panel	w/Rating Seal
81041	Fuse Holder	w/o Fuse
	B1070 B1071 B1074 B1075 B1076 B1103 B1067 B1037 B1273	B1070 Exhaust Filter B1071 Exhaust Filter Retaining Clip B1074 Solenoid Valve B1075 Elbow Joint B1076 Pressure Hose B1103 Transformer B1067 Chassis B1067 Rubber Stopper B1273 Rear Panel

Tapping screw M2.6 x 6 (4)

CO MAKERO CISTA

Pan head screw M5 x 10 (4)

Pan head screw with washer (W/Spring, Plain washer) M3 x 6

(18)

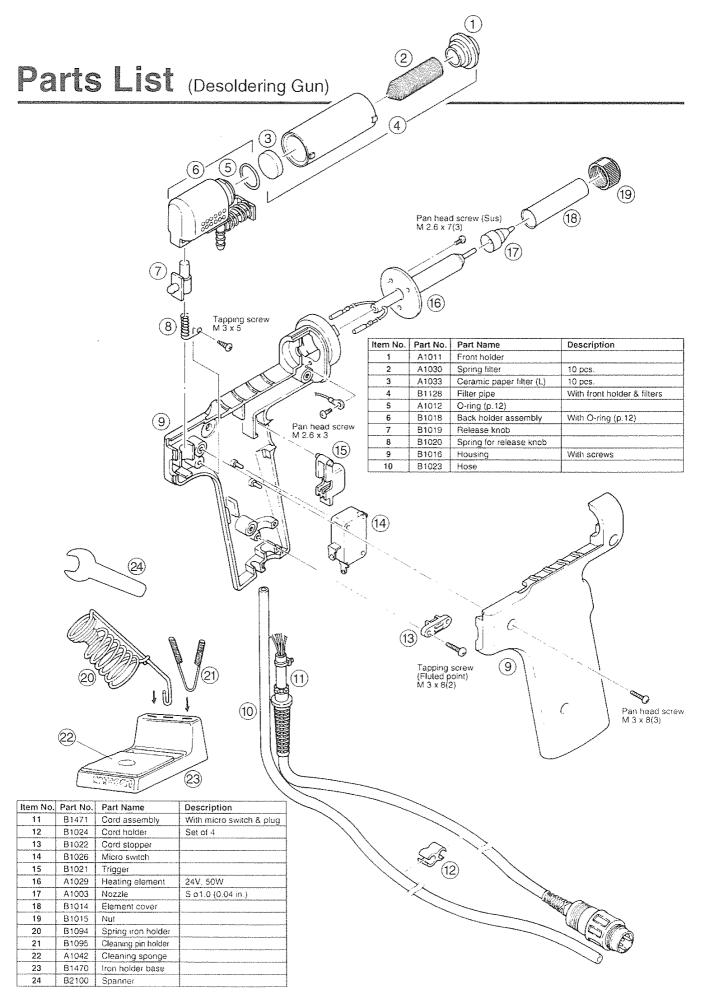
14)

Item No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description
27	B1275	Fuse	250V-2A(U)
28	B1127	Female Connector	120V
29	B1104	Power Cord	
30	B1078	Potentiometer	
31	B1084	Switch	
32	B1269	Noise Filter	

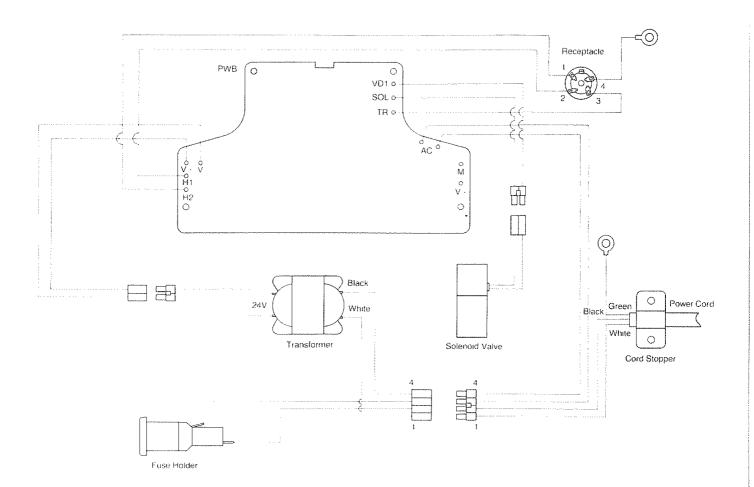
Pan head screw M3 x 55

13

Tapping screw M2.6 x 6 (2)



Wiring





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